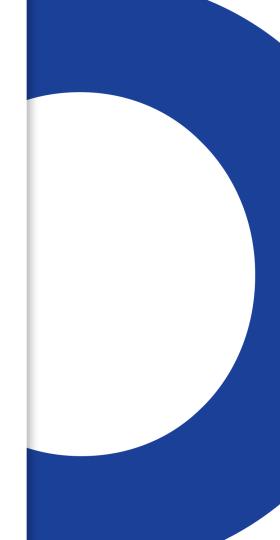
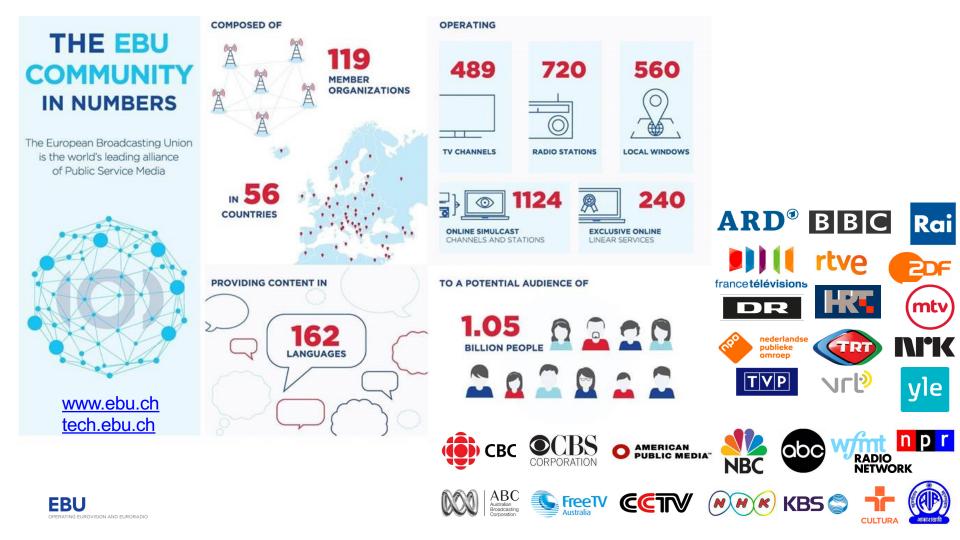
## **5G Verticals Workshop** Bruxelles, February 12<sup>th</sup> 2019

## Native 5G broadcasting

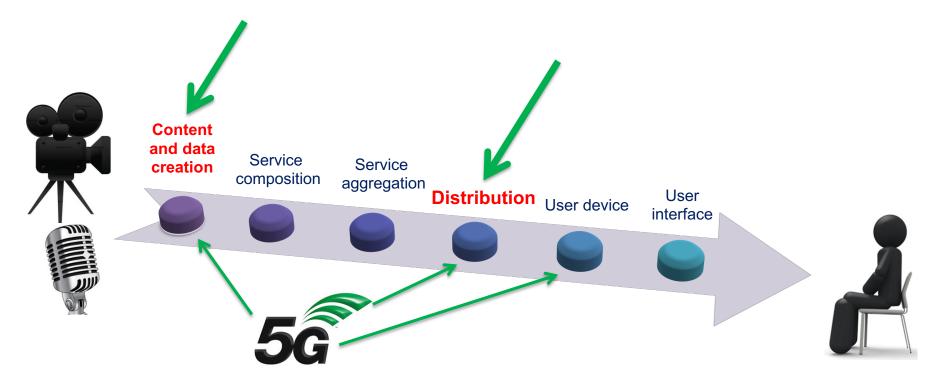
## Antonio Arcidiacono Director of Technology and Innovation European Broadcasting Union







## Potential impact of 5G in the media sector



## What do broadcasters need from 4G and 5G?

#### In distribution, critical requirements for broadcasters are

- Large network coverage, high reliability, resilience, and scale
- Suitable business models
  - Compliant with specific broadcast regulation
  - Sustainable
  - Low costs, affordable for both the broadcasters and the end users
- · Unconstrained access to the audience and audience data

#### In content production broadcasters are looking for

- operational flexibility
- reduced complexity
- new capabilities
- lower costs

How do we address all these aspects ?

## The distribution challenge

#### The goal: **Delivery of the whole range of content and services**

- · to all interested users
- at the right time
- at the right place
- on the right device
- with the desired quality
- for the right price

#### Balancing act between

- Optimising the user experience
- Resource management
- Business objectives
- Regulatory requirements and constraints

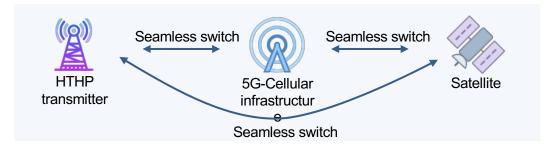
#### Public broadcasters are subject to additional regulatory requirements:

- Universal availability (on all relevant platforms, everywhere, different user devices)
- Free to view / listen (no recurring charges for access to services)
- The ability to reach the population in emergency situations
- Regulated business models

### **Combining 5G cellular & broadcast networks**

#### Vision

- Joining the forces of '5G' and combining them in a smart way
  - · the cellular mobile networks with
  - terrestrial broadcast transmitters and
  - satellite transmitters
- Matching the operational mode to the requirements of the provided services and the number of users who want the same content at the same time



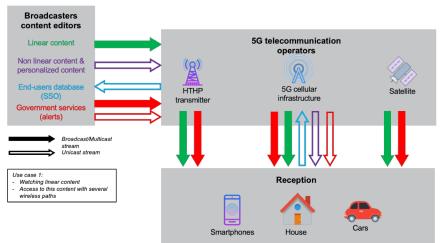
## **Combining 5G cellular & broadcast networks**

#### Value proposition

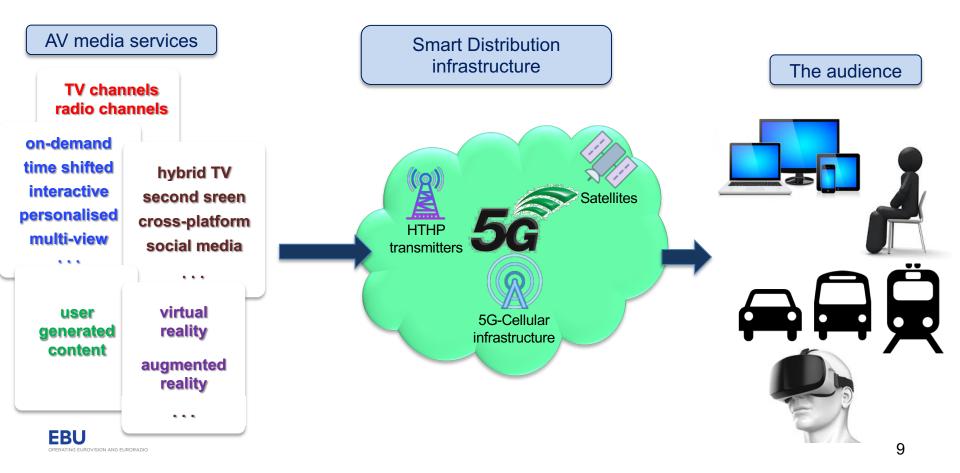
- A 5G infrastructure complemented with broadcast networks serves end customers with the best technology according to the situation, optimising network use and minimising overall investments (cellular + broadcasting).
- An orchestration with broadcasting infrastructures will guarantee large capacity and coverage in a shorter time frame while absorbing peaks of traffic for contents addressing large number of users (e.g. live sport and news events)
- 5G exclusive cellular coverage for sub-urban and rural areas could be economically difficult to sustain while **a mix of technologies facilitates and accelerates** this process bringing 5G services to the entire population at a reduced cost
- Orchestrating heterogeneous network will provide **flexibility and optimization of resources**, 5G broadcasting will reach the entire population and territory while 5G mobile infrastructures will progressively cover with unicast services.

### Using the laws of physics where they work best

- Make use of the power of broadcasting to serve an infinite number of users combined with the speed and capacity of 5G Internet to provide interactive and personalised services to individual users.
- Make use of a satellite's coverage to serve places where it is **inefficient to provide terrestrial services**.
- Intelligence in the user's receiver will select the best option for service, quality and availability.
- Using cooperative networks,
  'orchestrated' in this way, will also be energy-efficient in a coming world where this will be much needed.



#### **Optimizing 5G in media distribution** – the ideal scenario



### Serving the vehicular market : entertainment services & much more

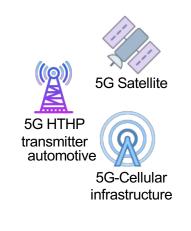
- Applications will extend beyond **providing** high quality media services for '**information**, **entertainment**, **and education**'
- The proposed solution will allow multiple services for manually driven and future self-driven (autonomous).
- Cars will need continuous and highly reliable access to services not only to occupy the car passengers' new leisure time but also to provide other services such as guaranteed and timely delivery of critical data to large number of vehicles such as traffic-related information and navigation support, including also alerts and alarms.
- The proposed solution address today's limitations on media and data delivery and interactivity that are affected by where and how you move and live, lifting the ceiling, so citizens can freely choose how to move, and where to work and live their lives.





# Conclusions (1)

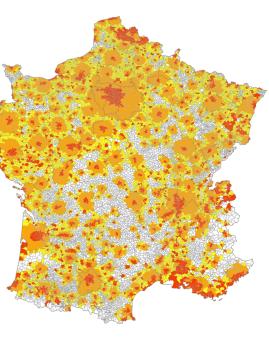
- Collaborative 5G infrastructure: providing services over a wide area using a cooperative network with three 5G 'layers' –cellular, high tower terrestrial and satellite.
- Enhanced user experience: creation of a delivery system able to effectively meet the evolving user requirements for access to media services :
  - from highly personalised and interactive to highly popular live events
  - in a technically and cost-efficient way, optimising the investments and the use of radio frequency spectrum.
- Intelligent receivers: that can optimise the reception of the provided services.





## **Conclusions (2)**

- Orchestration with broadcasting guarantees large capacity and coverage in a shorter time frame while absorbing peaks of traffic for contents addressing large number of users (e.g. live sport and news events)
- Green technology: The cost & power consumption is optimized combining cellular 'base stations' with HTHP broadcast transmitters, covered by a satellite overlay, guaranteeing almost 100% area coverage of territories.
- Reduced digital divide: A system providing total inclusion will have the potential to lessen the 'polarisation' of European society by removing differences in opportunities for those in urban, suburban and rural areas.



5G Cellular + HTHP + Satellite	
5G HTHP + Satellite	
Satellite	

## When will **5G broadcast** become available?

#### As of today 5G only includes one-to-one (unicast) mode, no broadcast or multicast.

• 4G/LTE includes a broadcast/multicast distribution mode => often unused

#### It is necessary to standardize the 5G broadcast New Radio profile

- It will not be included in the next 3GPP technical specification (Release 16, due in 2019)
- Work is in progress to include it in Release 17 (due in 2020-2021) => depends on active support of 3GPP members

#### Standard's Finalization is necessary to have equipment supporting 5G broadcast.

#### Equipment usually become available 1-2 years after the adoption of a standard.

• Once approved in release 17, 5G broadcast equipment should then be available on the market between 2022-2024.

# Broadcasters need networks that cover very large areas (whole country if not more) and a high penetration of user equipment.

• <u>By integrating a 5G broadcast profile, networks will be able to cover almost 100% of the population</u> and of the territory in a much shorter period of time helping the deployment of 5G broadcast capable release 17 user devices

## Thank You

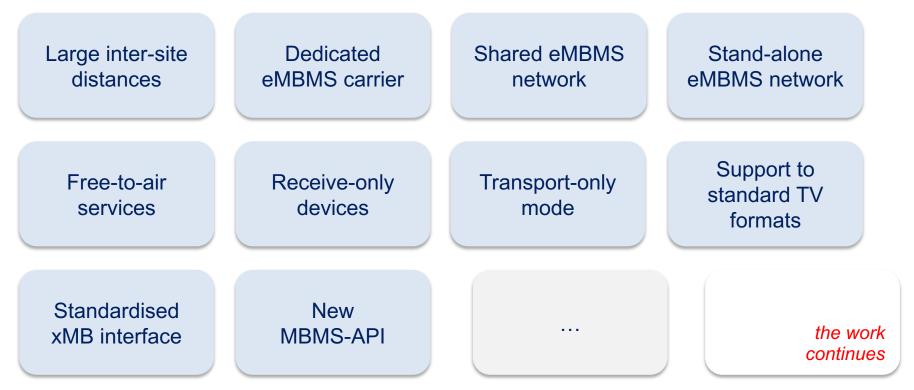
## arcidiacono@ebu.ch



# Back Up 5G standardization



## What exists today ... Enhanced LTE eMBMS in 3GPP Release 14



## **3GPP standardisation roadmap**

- Release 15 mostly completed (final specifications in Q1/2019)
- Scope/Timeline of Release 16 agreed (due Q1 / 2020)
- As of Release 15 all 3GPP technologies are labelled 5G
  - This is also the first release to include **5G New Radio** (5G NR), alongside LTE
- Two parallel strands of development: LTE and 5G NR
  - LTE:
    - Includes both unicast and eMBMS (evolved Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Services)
    - Enhancements to eMBMS in Release 14 (Q3/2017)
    - The work continues with 'Study on LTE-based 5G Terrestrial Broadcast'
      - Report due in March 2019. To be followed by normative work.
  - 5G NR:
    - Terrestrial networks
    - Non-terrestrial (satellite networks)
    - Only unicast (until and including Release 16)
      - 5G NR based broadcast and multicast to be included in release 17

# Back up Recent LTE trials by broadcasters



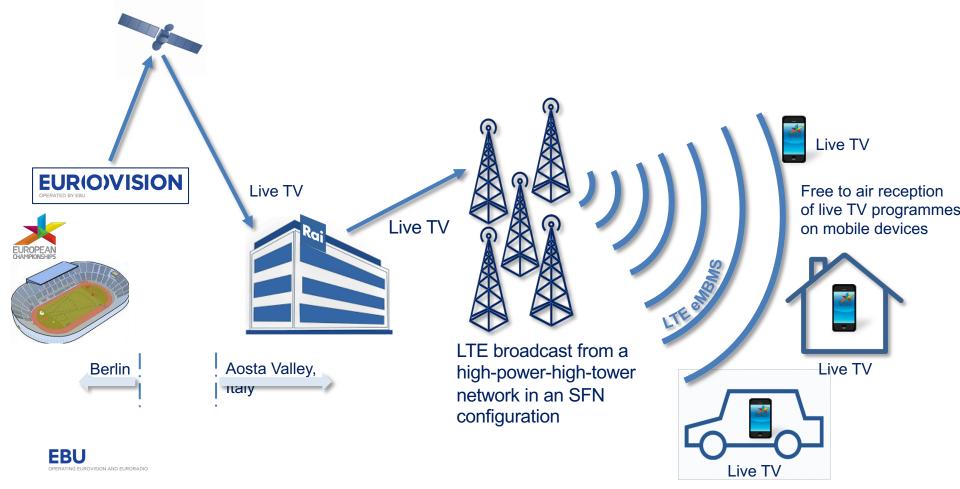


Horizon 2020 Project

#### Broadcast and Multicast Communication Enablers for the Fifth-Generation of Wireless Systems

- Objectives:
  - 1. Develop broadcast and multicast point-to-multipoint capabilities for 5G considering M&E, automotive, IoT, and PWS use cases, and evaluate spectrum options for 5G broadcast network deployments.
  - 2. Design a dynamically adaptable 5G network architecture with layer-independent network interfaces to dynamically and seamlessly switch between unicast, multicast, and broadcast modes or use them in parallel and exploit built-in caching capabilities.
  - 3. Experimentally demonstrate the 5G key innovations developed in the project.
- **18 project partners** including telecom operators and equipment vendors, broadcasters, R&D organisations, SMEs, and academia. Globally representative Advisory Board.
- Builds on the state-of-the-art mobile and fixed broadband, and broadcast technologies
- Synergies between M&E, Public Warning Systems, Automotive, and IoT applications.

## The LTE broadcast trial in the Aosta Valley, Italy



#### LTE eMBMS features shown in the RAI trial

